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Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims replaces all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

(Currently Amended) 1. A travel planning system comprises:

a computer system, comprising:

a processor; and

a memory storing processes for executing on the processor, the processes, comprising: a scheduling process to provide a set of instances of transportation that satisfy a user query;

a faring process that determines fares valid for at least some of the instances in the set of instances of transportation; and

an availability process that accesses seat availability information from multiple sources of seat availability information, receives the instances of transportation and uses results from a first source of the multiple sources of seat availability information for a mode of transportation to determine a set of available instances of transportation for which a seat is available from the received instances of transportation;

determines quality properties of the availability information from the first source of seat availability information; and

determines, based on the quality properties, whether the first source of seat availability information is reliable, and if the results are not reliable, the availability process executes a second set of seat availability queries to the first source or a different one of the multiple sources source of seat availability information based on the outcome of the test determining quality properties, to provide a second set of available instances of transportation for which a seat is available.



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(Currently Amended) 2. The travel planning system of claim 1 wherein <u>if</u> the availability process determines whether <u>that</u> the <u>single first</u> source of <u>seat</u> availability information is reliable, and if the results are reliable, the availability process returns the results.

(Currently Amended) 3. The travel planning system of claim 1 wherein to execute a second set of seat availability queries to the first source or a different <u>one of the multiple sources</u> source, the availability process makes multiple, sequential seat availability queries to the first source or a different <u>one of the multiple sources</u> source of seat availability information.

(Currently Amended) 4. The travel planning system of claim 1 wherein to execute a second set of seat availability queries the availability process makes multiple simultaneous seat availability queries to multiple, ones of the multiple different sources of seat availability information.

(Currently Amended) 5. The travel planning system of claim 1 wherein the first source or a different one of the multiple sources source of seat availability information have differing fixed and marginal costs associated with obtaining information, including computation, communication, time, and monetary-cost.

(Currently Amended) 6. The travel planning system of claim 5 wherein the travel planning process system controls costs by setting a threshold limit on the availability process to access the sources for at least one of the costs.

(Original) 7. The travel planning system of claim 6 wherein the thresholds are timeouts or price limits.

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(Currently Amended) 8. The travel planning system of claim 7 wherein the availability process prioritizes queries to an the first source or a different one of the multiple sources of seat availability information source to remain under a specified cost limit.

(Currently Amended) 9. The travel planning system of claim 1 wherein the first source or a different one of the multiple sources source of seat availability information is a source of predicted availability information that generate replies with differing quality properties including at least one of freshness, confidence, precision, and validity.

(Original) 10. The travel planning system of claim 1 wherein the availability process determines tradeoffs between the cost of a query and the properties of the response.

(Original) 11. The travel planning system of claim 1 wherein the availability process speculatively determines travel options using low-quality, uncertain, or missing availability data as though they were high-quality or certain data.

(Original) 12. The travel planning system of claim 11 wherein the low-quality answers used are not returned from any external source of availability information but are guessed or computed internal to the travel planning process.

(Original) 13. The travel planning system of claim 11 wherein the results of the speculative computation are used to decide what additional seat availability queries should be issued, what sources should be queried, what quality data are needed, or what cost to incur to get additional information.

(Currently Amended) 14. The travel planning system of claim 1 wherein <u>fare</u> information is determined and the travel planning system processes process data containing

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scheduling and fare information, and the scheduling and fare information along with availability data are sent to an intelligent client for further processing and integration by the client.

(Currently Amended) 15. A computer program product <u>embodied on a computer</u> readable medium for use with a travel planning system for determining availability of a seat for a mode of transportation, comprises instructions for causing a computer to:

receive a set of instances of transportation that satisfy a user query;

determine quality of the <u>a first set of seat</u> availability information of <u>from</u> a first source of availability information to guide a travel planning system to determine a subsequent set of available instances of transportation <u>for which a seat is available</u>, and if the quality of the <u>seat</u> availability information is low, the <u>availability process</u>

executes a second set of seat availability queries to the first source or a different source of seat availability information to provide a second set of seat availability information from the first source or the different source of seat availability information; and

produces, from the second set of seat availability information and a set of the instances of transportation, a second set of available instances of transportation, for which a seat is available.

(Currently Amended) 16. The computer program product of claim 15 further comprising instructions to:

send the second set of seat availability queries to a different higher quality source of seat availability information if the results from the first source are low quality.

(Currently Amended) 17. The computer program product of claim 15 further comprising instructions to:

send multiple, sequential seat availability queries to multiple <u>ones of the multiple</u> sources that predict of seat availability information, with at least one of the multiple ones of the multiple <u>sources being predictor sources of seat availability information</u>.



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(Currently Amended) 18. The computer program product of claim 15 wherein the multiple sources of seat availability information have differing fixed and marginal costs associated with obtaining information, including computation, communication, time, and charges and the program further comprising instructions to:

set a threshold limit on the availability process to access the sources for at least one of the costs.

(Currently Amended) 19. The computer program product of claim 15 wherein the multiple sources of seat availability information generate replies seat availability information with differing quality properties including at least one of freshness, confidence, precision, and validity.

(Currently Amended) 20. The computer program product of claim 15 further comprising instructions to:

determine tradeoffs between the cost of a query and the properties of the response seat availability information.

(Currently Amended) 21. A method for determining availability of a seat for a mode of transportation, comprises:

executing a first set of seat availability queries to a first source of seat availability information for a first set of instances of transportation;

evaluating quality of <u>seat</u> availability information received from a <u>the first</u> source of <u>seat</u> availability information for a <u>set of instances of transportation to determine a set of available instances of transportation</u>, to guide a travel planning system in determining a <u>subsequent</u> set of <u>instances of transportation</u> for <u>which a seat is</u> available <u>instances of transportation</u> by

executing a second set of seat availability queries to the first source or a different source of seat availability information based on the outcome of the evaluating quality of the availability

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information to provide the subsequent set of <u>instances of transportation for which a seat is</u> available instances of transportation

(Previously Added) 22. The method of claim 21 further comprising: receiving the set of instances of transportation from a travel planning system in response to a user query.

(Currently Amended) 23. The method of claim 21 further comprising: sending the second set of seat availability queries to a different source of seat availability information if the results from the first source do not have a sufficient level of quality.

(Previously Added) 24. The method of claim 21 further comprising: sending multiple, sequential seat availability queries to multiple sources that predict seat availability information.

(Currently Amended) 25. The method of claim 21 wherein the sources of seat availability information have differing fixed and marginal costs associated with obtaining information, including computation, communication, time, and charges and the method further comprises:

setting a threshold limit on the availability process to access the sources for at least one of the costs.

(Currently Amended) 26. The method of claim 21 wherein the sources of seat availability information generate replies seat availability information with differing quality properties including at least one of freshness, confidence, precision, and validity.

(Currently Amended) 27. The method of claim 21 further comprising:

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determining tradeoffs between the cost of a query and the properties of the response seat availability information.

(Currently Amended) 28. The travel planning system of claim 1 wherein probabilistic confidence bounds describing uncertainty in measurements of <u>seat</u> availability are placed on the quality properties.

(Currently Amended) 29. The travel planning system of claim 1 wherein actual <u>seat</u> availability queries that are sent to a source of airline seat availability information and are selected to increase the number of available solutions found or to increase the likelihood that the availability of the desirable solutions has been verified with high confidence.

(Currently Amended) 30. The travel planning system of claim 1 wherein multiple responses, which contain different <u>seat</u> availability information and/or quality properties are simultaneously maintained in the travel planning system.

(New) 31. The travel planning system of claim 1 further comprising:

a faring process that determines fares valid for at least some of the instances in the set of instances of transportation.

(New) 32. The travel planning system of claim 1 further comprising:

a faring process that determines fares valid for at least some of the instances in the set of instances of transportation for which a seat is available.

(New) 33. The travel planning system of claim 1 further comprising:

a faring process that determines fares valid for at least some of the instances in the set of instances of transportation and wherein the availability process is executed after the faring process.

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a faring process that determines fares valid for at least some of the instances in the set of transportation for which a seat is available, and wherein the availability process is executed before the faring process. a faring process that determines fares valid for at least some of the instances in the set of